



GEroNIMO and RUMIGEN Joint Final Event

Breeding the Future
*Genomics, Epigenomics & Societal
Acceptability for Sustainability in Livestock*

Integration of GEroNIMO omics data to reveal details about the genetic architecture behind efficiency-related traits

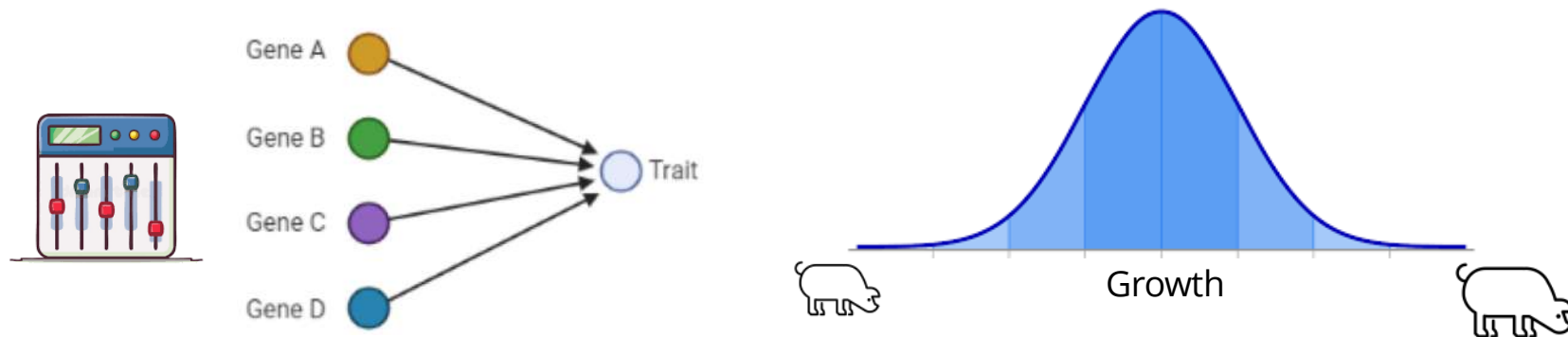
Peter Karlskov-Mortensen
Maria Gracia Luigi Sierra

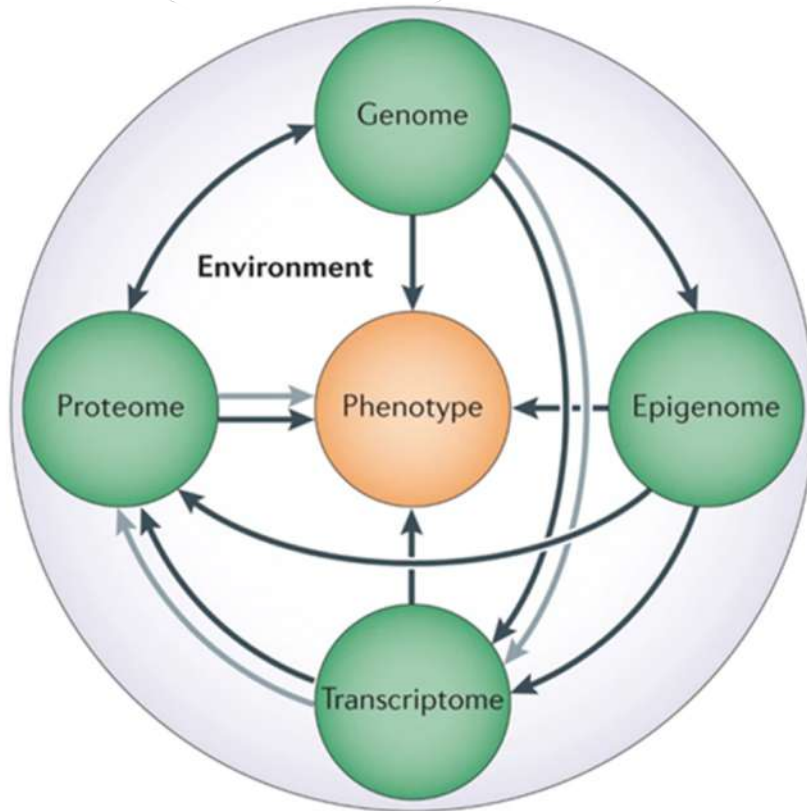


Efficient Livestock Production (ELP) traits

Sustainability ~ efficient use of resources

Most relevant traits for animal production, including growth, feed efficiency, and sustainability-related, are complex or polygenic.





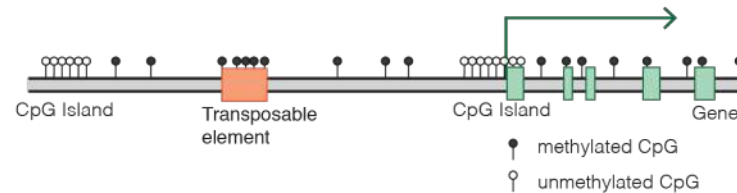
Ritchie, M. D. et al. (2015)



Funded by
the European Union

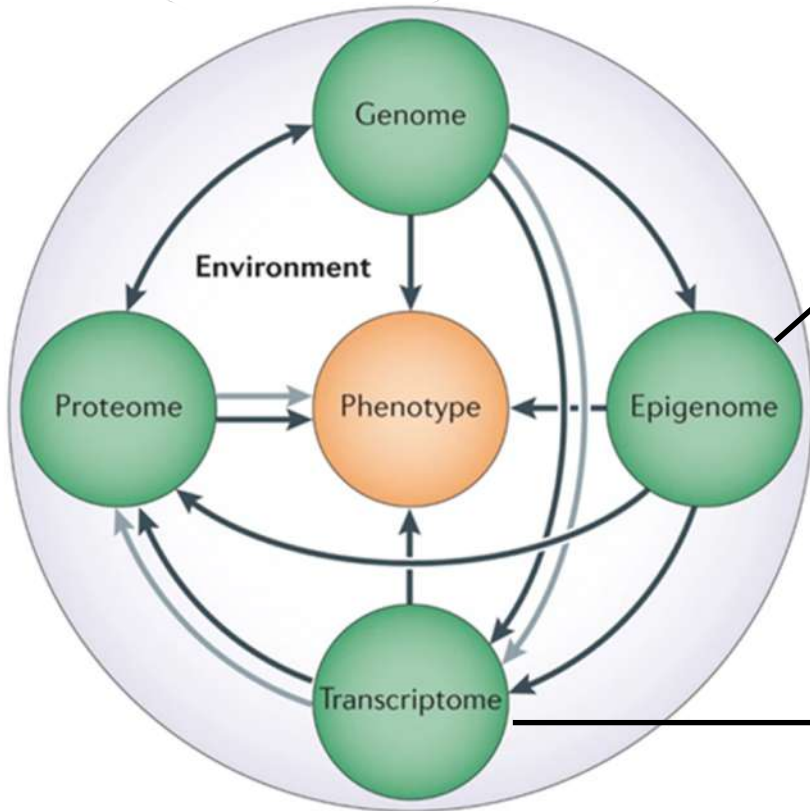
DNA methylation

Chemical tags attach to a particular location within DNA where they turn a gene on or off, thereby regulating the production of proteins that the gene encodes.



Messenger RNA (mRNA)

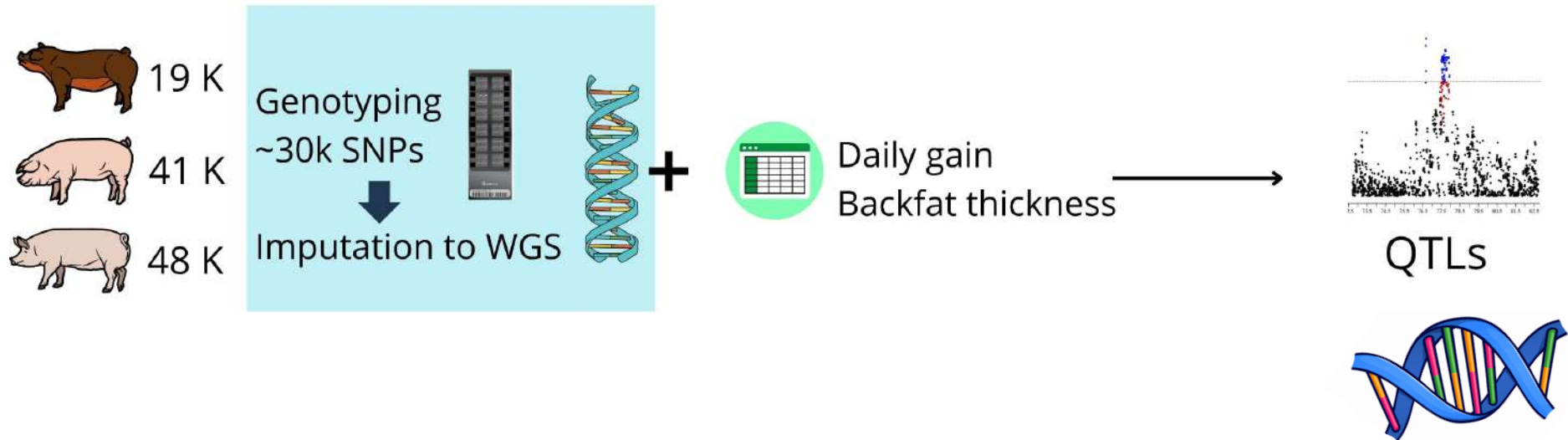
Single-stranded RNA is involved in protein synthesis. It is made from a DNA template during transcription.



Ritchie, M. D. et al. (2015)

Genomic background of ELP traits

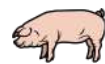
Genome-wide association study



Genomic background of ELP traits



DUROC (n= 19K)

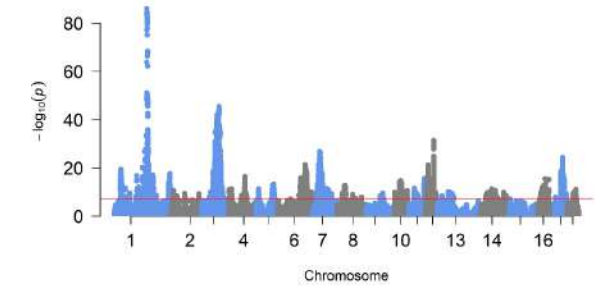
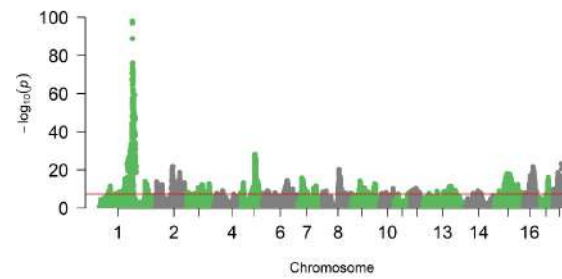
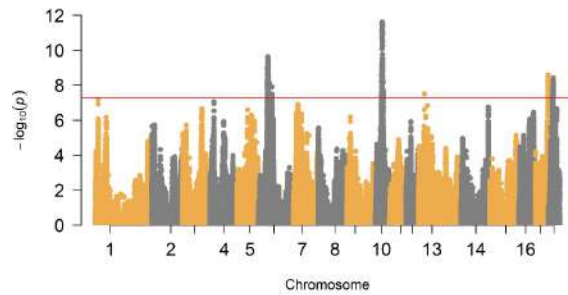


LANDRACE (n= 41 K)

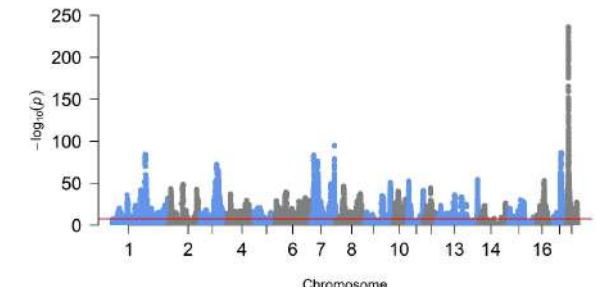
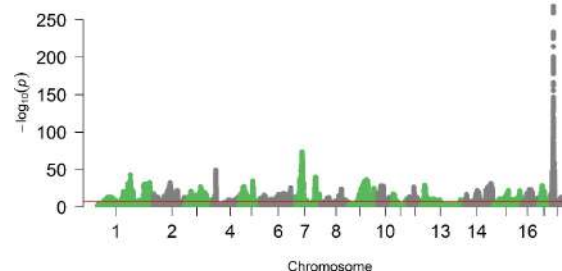
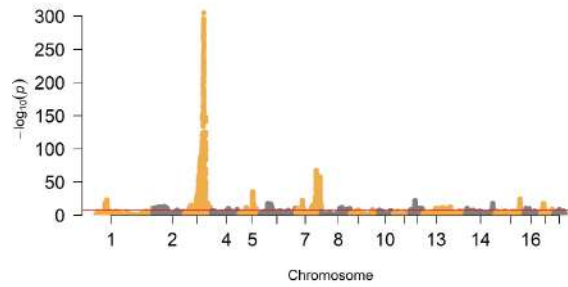


YORKSHIRE (n= 48K)

Daily gain

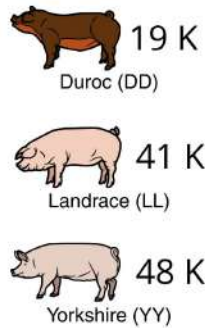


Backfat thickness



We integrated additional molecular data to better understand the biology of ELP traits

(Identify the buttons)



(Find out how they are adjusted)

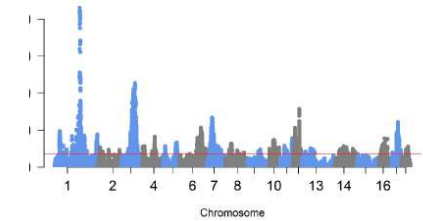
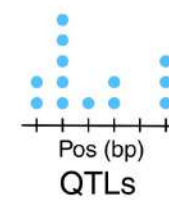


Genotyping
~30k SNPs
↓
Imputation to
WGS

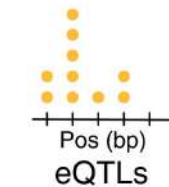
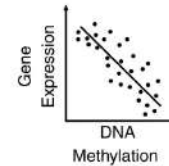


+
Daily weight gain (DWG)
Subcutaneous adipose tissue thickness (SAT-T)

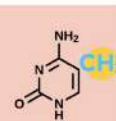
Co-localisation



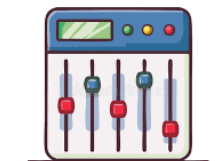
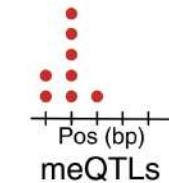
RNA-seq
(n= 498)



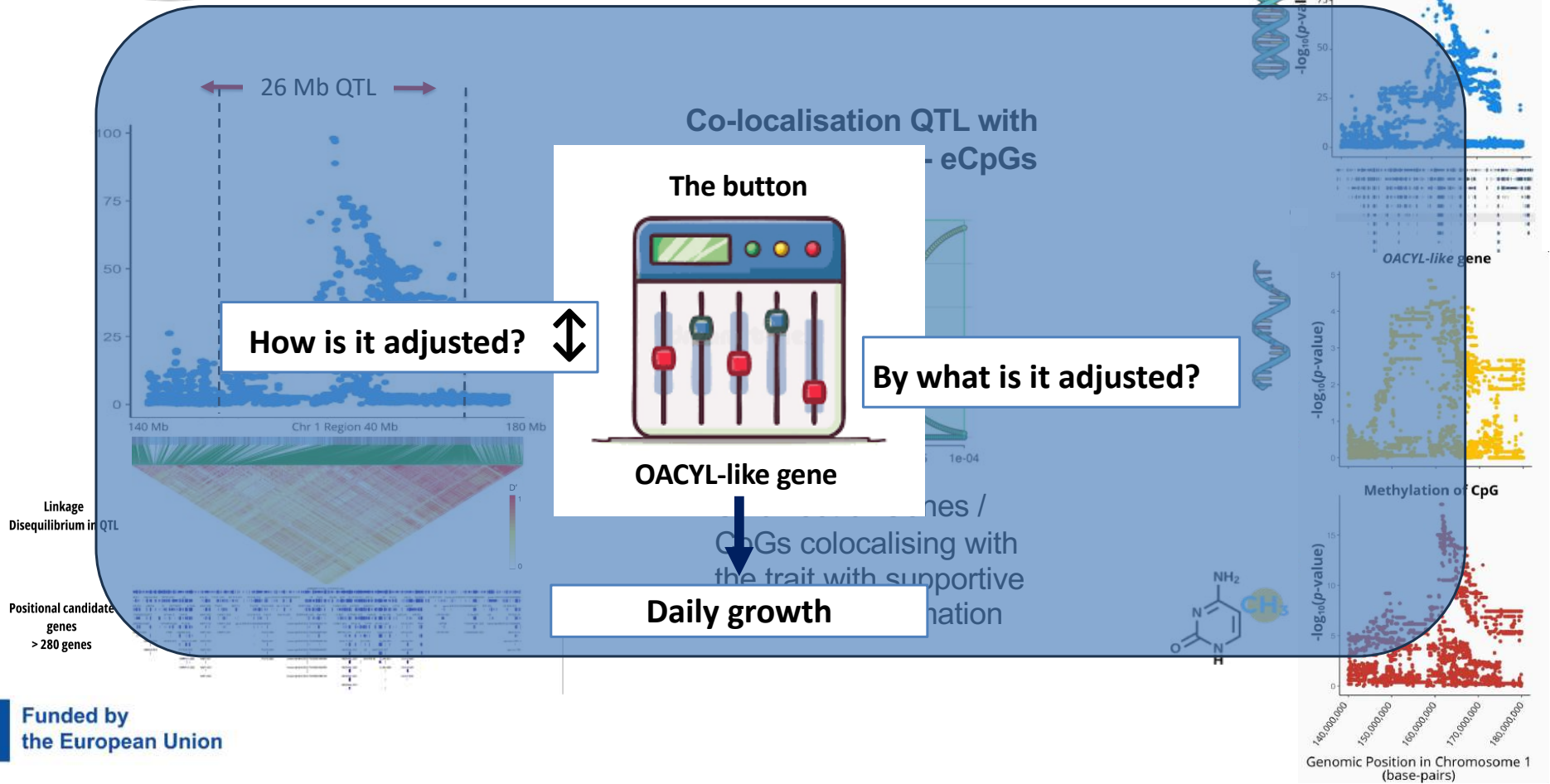
RRBS
(n= 452)



eQTM

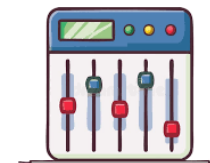
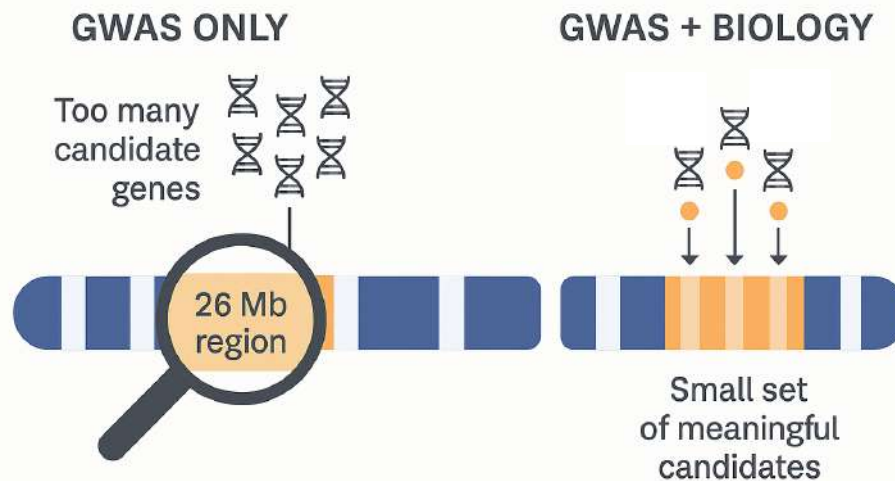


Candidate molecular signatures



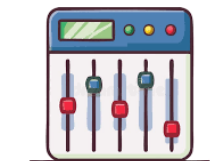
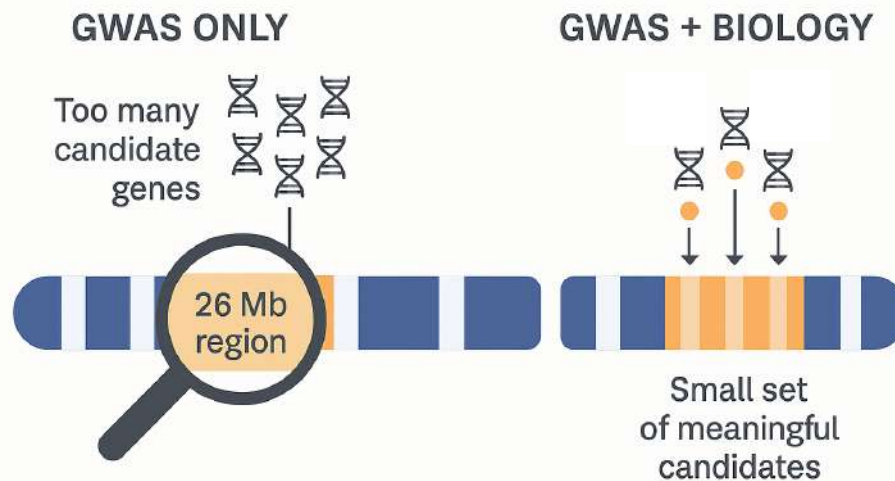
Key Takeaways

- GWAS for production traits in highly selected **livestock** species often identifies **broad QTL regions with many candidate genes**.
- **Multi-omics** integration (eQTLs, meQTLs, etc.) adds **functional and regulatory context**.
- **Colocalization** analyses help identify **variants affecting both molecular traits and production traits**.
- Broad **QTLs** are **reduced to a small, biologically supported set of genes and variants**.
- Enables better fine mapping, targeted functional validation, and more **informed and biologically supported breeding decisions**.
- Establishes a pipeline **for associating traits with molecular changes**, which, for management-related traits, can be **useful to tailor and adapt management practices in livestock production to improve ELP traits**.



The next thing to do

- Now we know
 - some of the buttons and how they are regulated
 - there are more buttons and genetic architecture to discover
- Two tasks:
 - Continue exploration
 - Start exploitation → this knowledge can help us breed the animals for a future of ethically responsible animal production within planetary boundaries (*animal health & welfare, scale of production, efficient resource use, biodiversity, reduced emissions etc.*)





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THANK YOU

