Evaluation of heat stress effects on production traits and somatic cell score of Dutch Holstein cows

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CRV Coöperatie BETTER COWS > BETTER LIFE

Rumigen TOWARDS IMPROVEMENT OF RUMINANT BREEDING THROUGH GENOMIC AND EPIGENOMIC APPROACHES

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AARHUS UNIVERSITY

CSIC

Danmarks Tekniske Universitet

DTU

EAAP European Federation of Animal Science

EFFAB European Forum of Farm Animal Breeders

ELIANCE Des éleveurs. Une ambition.

INSTITUT DE L'ELEVAGE idele

INIA Instituto Nacional de Investigación y Tecnología Agraria y Alimentaria

INRAE

INRAE transfert

Castilla-La Mancha Consejería de Agricultura, Agua y Desarrollo Rural

IRIAF

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Heat stress

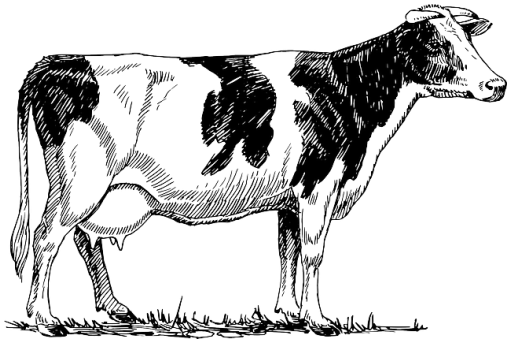
↘ Milk production

↘ Immunity

↗ Disease occurrence

↗ Somatic cell count

↘ Fertility



↗ Body temperature

↗ Respiratory rate

↗ Water consumption

↘ Dry matter intake

↘ Rumination

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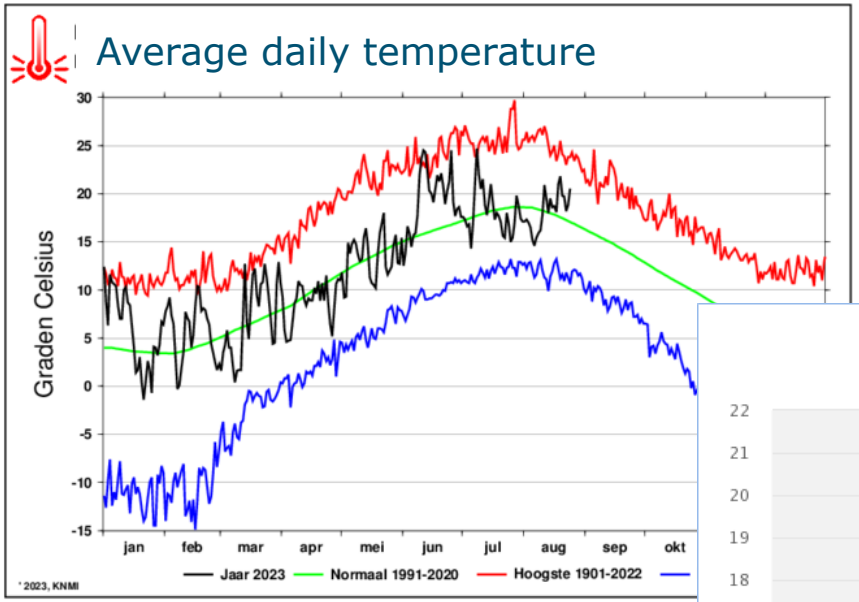
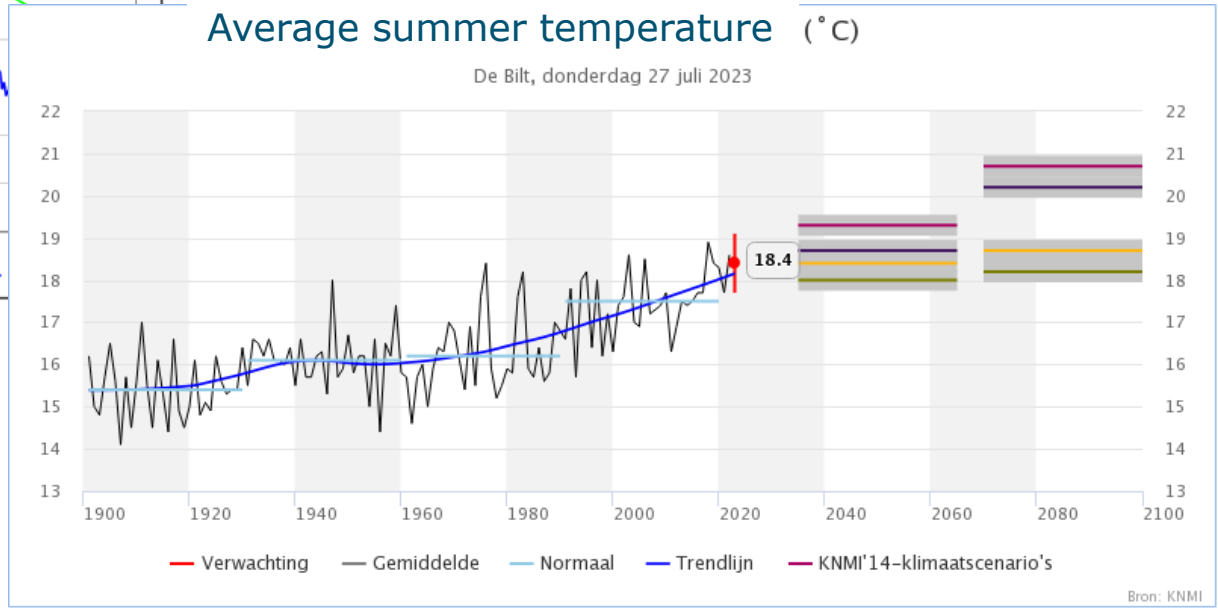
Heat stress in the Netherlands?





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Koninklijk Nederlands Meteorologisch Instituut
Ministerie van Infrastructuur en Waterstaat

Aim

To evaluate the impact of heat stress on milk production traits and somatic cell score (SCS) of Dutch Holstein cows

1) To evaluate heat threshold and heat stress effects

2) To estimate genotype-by-THI interactions and the magnitude of the individual variability

Dutch phenotypic and meteorological data

- First and second parities
- Test-day records: milk, fat and protein yields, SCS

- Average distance (herd, weather station): 14.6km
- Temperature-humidity index (THI; NRC, 1971)

$$THI = (1.8 * T + 32) - [(0.55 - 0.0055 * RH) * (1.8 * T - 26)]$$

- Each TD record associated with 3-day average THI

Data

Population response

- From 2010 until 2022
- 1582 herds
- 494 thousand cows
- 3.9 million TD records

Individual response

- From 2016 until 2022
- 1579 herds
- 259 thousand cows
- 1.9 million TD record

Range 3-day THI: 20 (~-9 ^{0}C; 80% RH) - 75 (~ 25 ^{0}C 80% RH)

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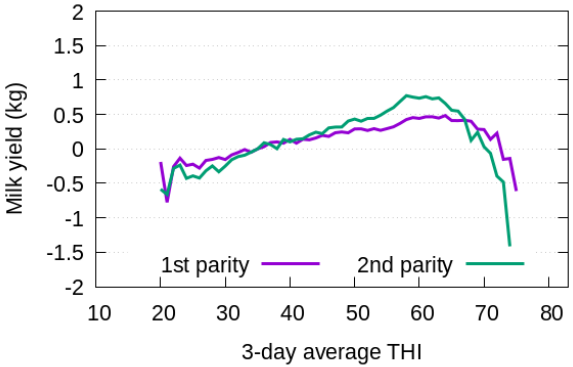
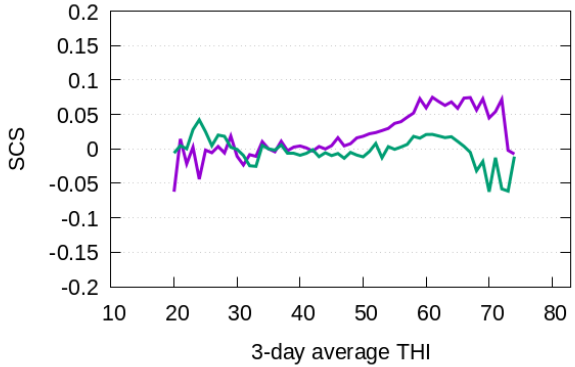
Population response - model

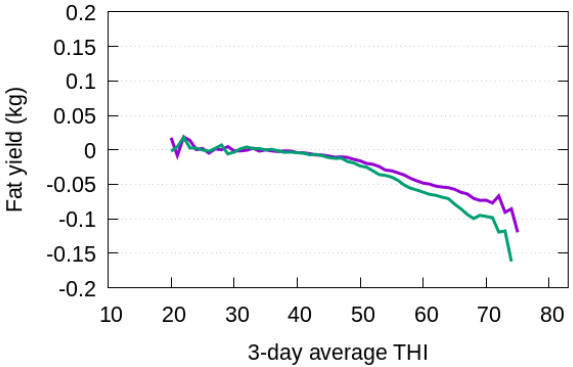
$$\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{Xb} + \mathbf{Za} + \mathbf{Wp} + \mathbf{e}$$

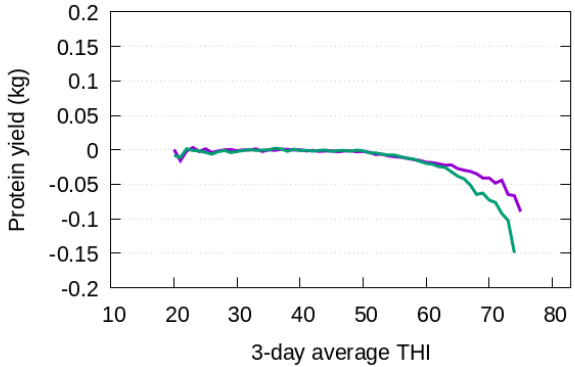
- Fixed effects $\mathbf{b}$:
  - **THI**
  - Herd - year of test
  - Days-in-milk
  - Age at calving - year - season of calving
  - Age at calving - year - season of calving - lactation stage
- Random effects:
  - Animal ($\mathbf{a}$), Permanent environment ($\mathbf{p}$), Residual ($\mathbf{e}$)

Population response









THI thresholds

- MY: ~60-65
- FY, PY: ~50
- SCS: unclear

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Individual response – reaction norm model

$$\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{Xb} + \mathbf{ZQa} + \mathbf{WQp} + \mathbf{e}$$

- Fixed effects **b**
  - Herd – test-day
  - Days-in-milk
  - Age at calving - year - season of calving
  - Age at calving - year - season of calving - lactation stage
  - Stadium of gestation

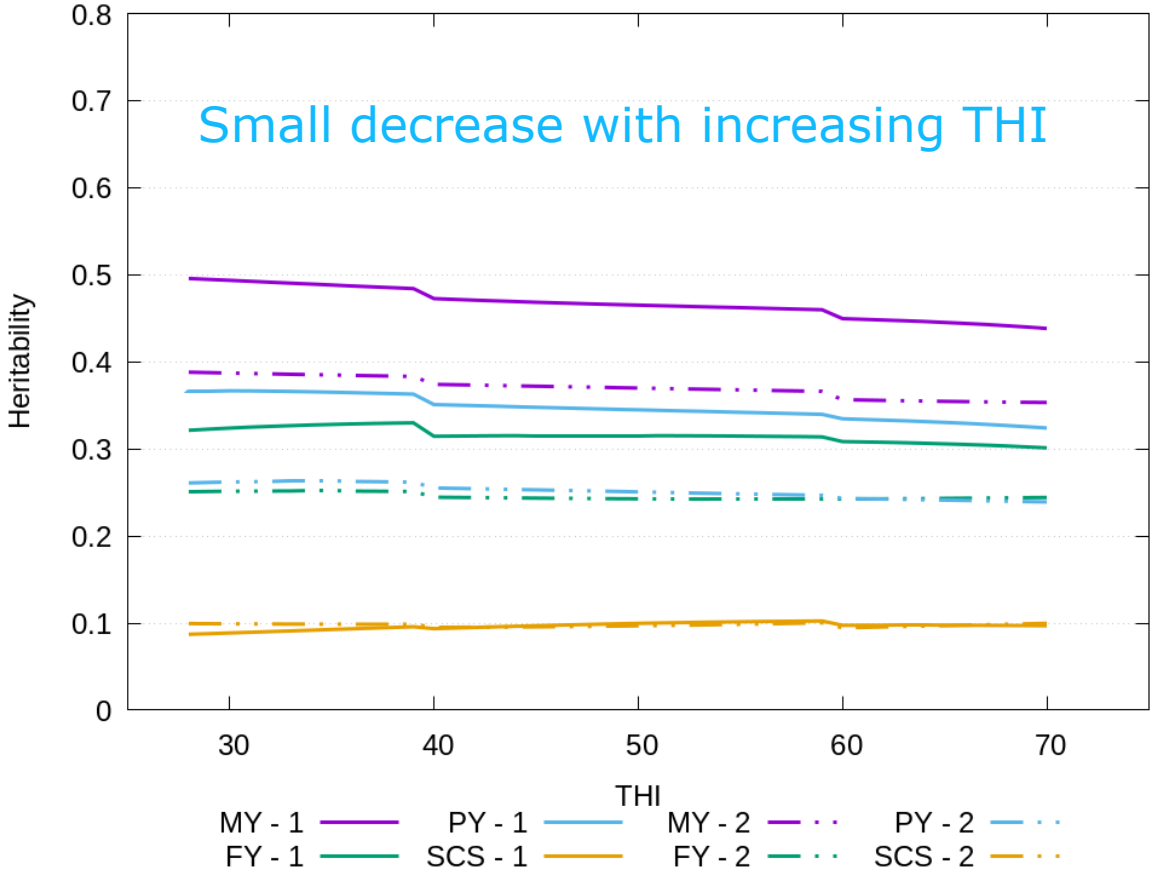
Individual response – reaction norm model

$$\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{Xb} + \mathbf{ZQa} + \mathbf{WQp} + \mathbf{e}$$

- Random effects:
  - Animal ($\mathbf{a}$), Permanent environment ($\mathbf{p}$), Residual ($\mathbf{e}$)

- Standardized Legendre coefficients $\mathbf{Q}$:
  - Intercept
  - DIM: first and second order
  - THI: first and second order

Individual response – heritabilities (150-DIM)



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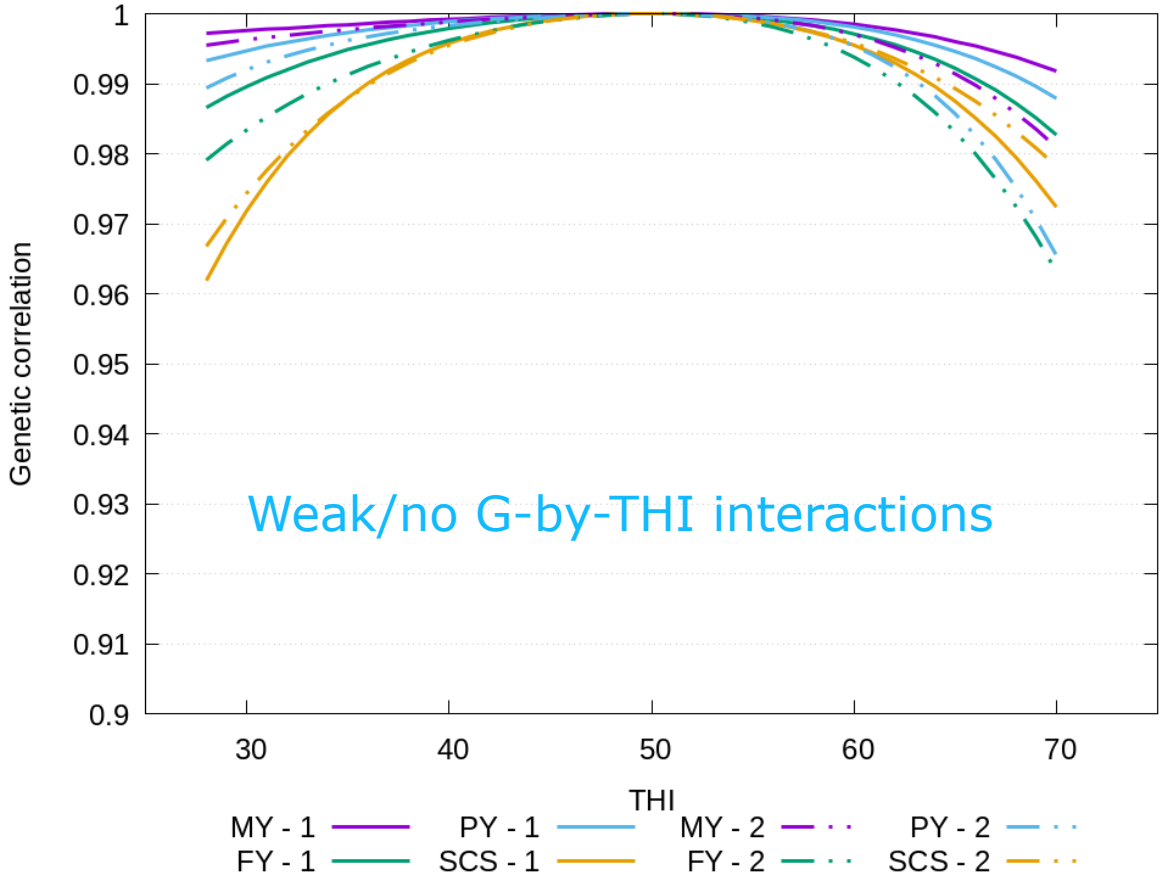
Individual response – genetic correlations



Individual response – genetic correlations

- Low/moderate genetic correlations between
  - Production at DIM = 150 and THI = 50
  - Slope of decay (first derivative) at THI = 68

	1st parity	2nd parity
Milk yield	-0.37	-0.33
Fat yield	-0.08	-0.01
Protein yield	-0.13	0.01
SCS	-0.01	-0.10

Conclusions

- THI thresholds
  - MY: ~60-65
  - FY, PY: ~50
  - SCS: unclear

- No/weak G-by-THI interactions

- Low/moderate negative genetic correlations between production level and slope of decay

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